

Interprofessional Education and Collaborative Practice: A Knot to Untie in Our Clinical Learning Environments

On Behalf of Faculty Development Council (FDC)

Alice Fornari, EdD, FAMEE, HEC-C, RDN



Alice Fornari, EdD Vice President, Faculty Development Karen Friedman, MD, MS, Vice President, Education DIM

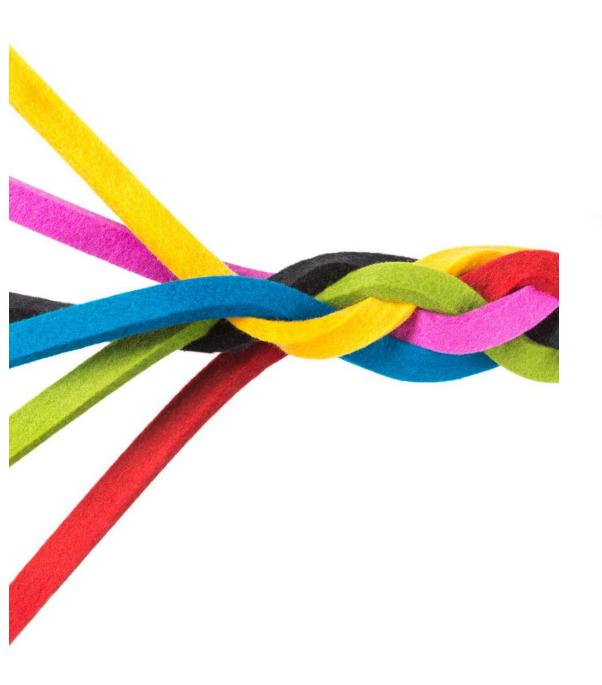
Faculty
Development
Council:
IPEC
Subcommittee

Lisa Carolan, RN, MHA Michael Cassara, DO, MSED Sanjey Gupta, MD Sergey Rekhtman, MD Noah L. Rosen, MD Julie Schwartzman-Morris, MD Lee Smith, MD Penny Stern, MD Maja Svrakic, MD



Upon completion of the grand rounds participants will:

Appreciate Define Apply Discuss Access define IPFC Core appreciate that all apply concepts from discuss the linking of access JiTTs and the literature that academic and health videos related to clinical team Competencies members have a support IPEC care delivery using IPEC for future role to establish an an IPEC framework reference environment where **IPEC** supports patient care



The inclusion of interprofessional identity alongside professional identity resonates with the changing landscape of healthcare management as healthcare becomes more team-based.

Transitioning from professional to interprofessional identity Fraide A. Ganotice Jr. Med *Educ.* 2023;1 4.

IPEC Subcommittee of the FDC

PRIORITY #4 – Interprofessional

Care: Despite its importance, inadequate modeling of interprofessional care remains an area of concern based on responses to anonymous ACGME surveys Goal: Educate leadership (program directors, training program administrators, nursing/SW/pharmacy directors and administrative directors) on the expected interprofessional competencies and how to share with their teams to increase cultural awareness of IPEC.

Untying the Interprofessional Gordian Knot: The National Collaborative for Improving the Clinical Learning Environment

Barbara F. Brandt, PhD, Simon Kitto, PhD, and Ronald M. Cervero, PhD *Acad Med. 2018;93:1437–1440*

The Problem and Challenge for IPEC

Interprofessional practice and education is a decades-long field that has presented a "Gordian knot" of intractable, complex problems to solve because medicine has often not been at the table for conversations about IPE.



The wolf you feed: Challenging intraprofessional workplace-based education norms
Renée E. Stalmeijer Lara Varpio
Medical Education. 2021;55:894–902.



In the spaces of clinical care and workplace-based learning, two wolves are present: one offers an intraprofessional orientation, the other brings an interprofessional orientation. We ask the following: "would it not be to the benefit of patient care to feed both these wolves?".

We contend that, as a field, we need to proactively contribute to foregrounding the role of the health care team in the learning trajectories of medical trainees.

Creating the Transformational Nexus for Health

Improved Health and Community Outcomes

Quadruple Aim

The Nexus:

Collaborative linking of academia and the practice of health care

Team-based Care

Health Professions Education

Orientation and essential

Senior Leadership

Faculty,
Clinicians, -and Practitioners

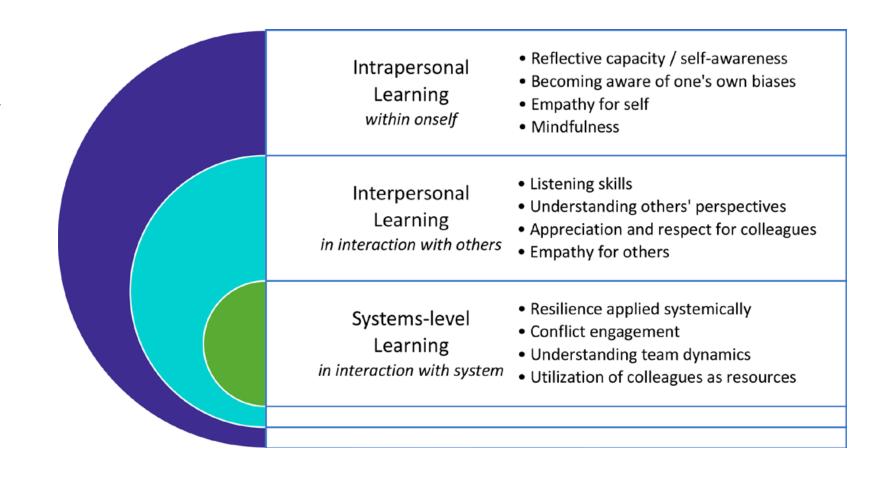
Practice Community

Evolving intergrated health systems

From the nexus vision to the NexusIPE™ learning model

- Barbara F. Brandt a, Carla Dieterb, and Christine Arensonc National Center for Interprofessional Practice & Education; Professor, Pharmaceutical Care and Health Systems, College of Pharmacy, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA; NexusIPE™ Programs, National Center for Interprofessional Practice & Education, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA; National Center for Interprofessional Practice & Education; Professor in the Department of Family Medicine and Community Health, School of Medicine University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA
- JOURNAL OF INTERPROFESSIONAL CARE https://doi.org/10.1080/13561820.2023.2 02223

3 levels of relationships and relational learning as overarching themes.



Longitudinal faculty development to improve interprofessional collaboration and practice: a multisite qualitative study at five US academic health centres

Rider EA, et al. BMJ Open 2023;**13**:e069466.

Figure 1 Summary of relational competencies at each level of learning



IPEC CORE COMPETENCIES

1.VALUES AND ETHICS

• Work with team members to maintain a climate of shared values, ethical conduct, and mutual respect

2. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

• Use the knowledge of one's own role and team members' expertise to address health outcomes

3. COMMUNICATION

• Communicate in a responsive, responsible, respectful, and compassionate manner with team members

4. TEAMS AND TEAMWORK

 Apply values and principles of team science to adapt one's own role in a variety of team settings

Source: https://www.ipecollaborative.org/ipec-core-competencies



WHAT IS IPE?

Interprofessional education & practice occurs when two or more professionals from different disciplines learn about, from, & with each other to enable offective collaboration

IMPORTANT THEMES IN IPE

Interprofessional Education improves teamwork between disciplines, enhances the quality of patient care & improves health outcomes

ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

Functioning as a team requires knowledge about other professionals' roles. Boundaries & role descriptions can help to alleviate tension & help teams find balance & focus on patients' needs.



ETHICAL PRACTICE

thical practice is reliant on collaborative team practice & moral obligations. To uphold the standards & responsibilities professionals hold ith their patients & colleagues complex ethical decisions are made as a team.

CONFLICT RESOLUTION

Successful conflict resolution requires professionals to engage with each other & patients in a positive, constructive manner. Interprofessional teams should establish safe environments & address specific areas of conce





COMMUNICATION

nables individuals to overcome differences in opinion & approach situations from

COLLABORATION & TEAMWORK

Teams cannot function effectively without collaboration. Collaborative practice refers not only to healthcare professionals working together but also with the patients, their families & communities to provide positive healthcare outcomes.



INTERPROFESSIONAL COLLABORATIVE PRACTICE

TEAMS & TEAMWORK





inform and effectiveness

Approach

terprofessiona

conflict

clearly

identifying

cause 8

addressing

different

perspectives

Use shared

leadership

practices to

support team

effectivness

nanagement by



perate from c

shared

supports

esiliency, well

being, safety,

and efficacy

amework that

members' diversity of experience, role, expertise & culture as an asset to improving team



policies, practices, resources, access to information & timing issues that impact team effectiveness



Facilitate care coordination to achieve safe, effective, care & health outcomes

Practice tear

reasoning,

problem-

solving, &

decision-

making

Describe

evidence-

informed

processes of

team

development 8

practices



& Building Positive Team Function

Interprofessional Learning (IPL)

Tips for Facilitation



Organize structured IPL activities to promote recognition of healthcare team members & effective communication.



Ensure everyone has a good understanding of the role each profession plays on the team.

Lack of communication

cultures

Traditional

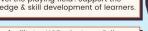
hierarches

Ensure adequate discussion time & elicit answers from learners, "What evidence supports your

Use a reflective approach, with probing questions that enable development & critical thinking skills.

> Assist in the breakdown of hierarchical barriers by keeping the focus on patient needs & safety.

Use a flipped-classroom approach to 'level the playing field'. Support the knowledge & skill development of learners.



Be a facilitator NOT a lecturer. Follow the 90:10 rule: listen 90% of the time. & talk for 10%.

Encourage peer teaching & learning. learners are closer to each other regarding knowledge/skills & are sometimes better than faculty at teaching concepts to one another.

> Make time to review & reflect at the end of learning activities so that interprofessional concepts are explicit in order to help learners recognize the outcomes & their achievements.



Peer assessment & feedback with clear, concise criteria is well suited for interprofessional activities to promote self-assessment & reflection of one's



own work. This JiTT is Evidence-based!





The JiTT Infographic App supports clinical teachers & trainees with free open-access medical education (FOAM) resources. All JiTT's are evidence-based & accessible on mobile devices, delivered asynchronously as a FD strategy.

- 2023 NEGEA Innovation in Medical Education Award recipient
- Instant access to over 200 relevant JiTTs at the point of need
- New videos to enhance the JiTT application
- Advanced internal search functionality
- Track "favorites" & download JiTTs for offline use
- Continued Education (CE) Unit accreditation
- User feedback for each JiTT infographic
- Live analytic data to monitor outcomes



- Contact Alice Fornari.
- afornari@northwell.edu
- Follow on Twitter & Instagram:
- eJitt IT







FOLLOW THIS LINK FOR MORE INFORMATION





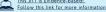




This JiTT is Evidence-based! Follow this link for more information









Authentic Video Cases to Apply JiTT Content for Interprofessional Education, Practice & Care (IPEC)







Critical Incident Case Reports: A Teaching Technique for IPEC Principles

 Solicit real/authentic scenarios from residents, fellows, attendings, nurses, social workers describing instances of interprofessional conflict and of effective teamwork affecting healthcare delivery and outcomes



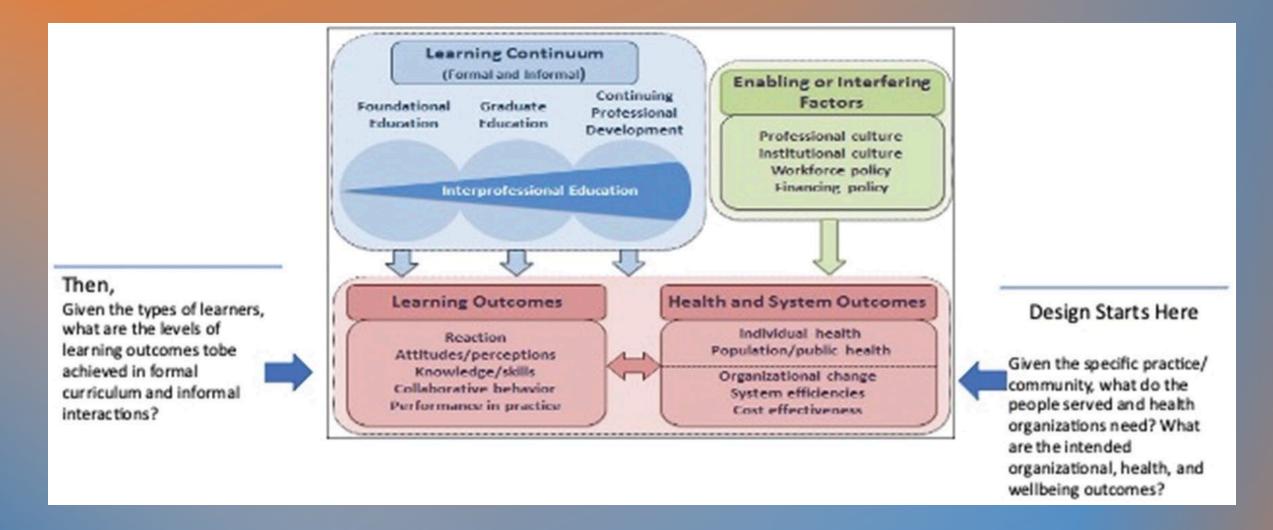
 Case Specific to Clinical Discipline





From the nexus vision to the NexusIPE™ learning model

JOURNAL OF INTERPROFESSIONAL CARE https://doi.org/10.1080/13561820.2023.2 02223



From the nexus vision to the NexusIPE™ learning model

JOURNAL OF INTERPROFESSIONAL Care

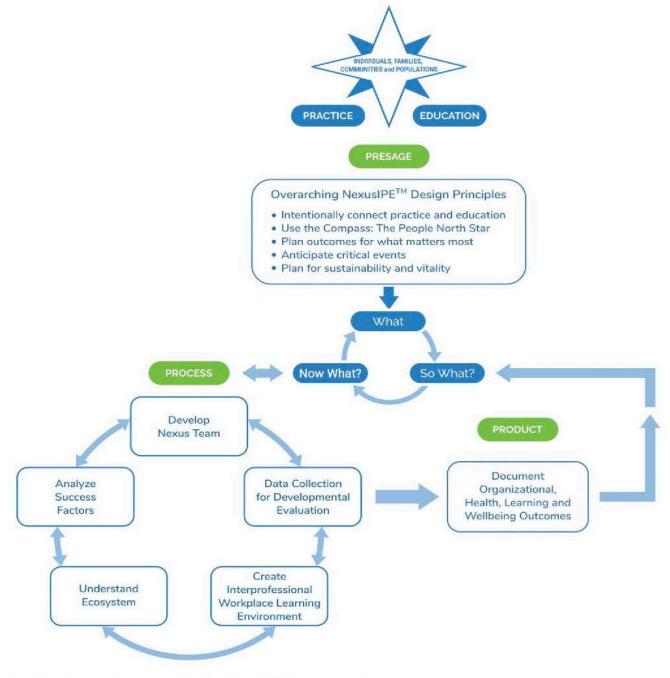


Figure 3. Moving from the rational competency model to the NexusIPE™ learning model.

Table 1 Curricular content for longitudinal faculty development for interprofessional collaboration and practice*

Topic

Appreciative inquiry/ narrative reflection

Through the patient's eye: an exercise in empathy

Giving difficult news: a teaching exercise

Elements of highly functioning teams: appreciation of team members

Advanced team formation: effectively engaging across differences and conflict

Error disclosure and team formation After the error: learning, growth and wisdom

Well-being, resilience and renewal

Mindfulness and mindful practice

Promoting diversity and inclusion

Interprofessional education readiness: competencies for all

Final appreciative inquiry/ narrative reflection Longitudinal faculty development to improve interprofessional collaboration and practice: a multisite qualitative study at five US academic health centres Rider EA, et al.

BMU Open 2023,13.069466. doi:10.1136/bmjopen-2022-060466

Resources

 https://www.ipecollaborat ive.org/ipec-corecompetencies

